The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR — VIRG.

(VOL. II.) THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1785. (No. 70.)

Juſt arrived, and to be ſold by

Herbert and Potts,

At their ſtore on the corner of Fairfax and Queen ſtreets, a general aſſortment of MERCHANDISE, conſiſting of the following articles, viz.

SUperfine, ſecond and coarſe broadcloths of a variety of colours, calamancoes, tammies, ſhalloons, duroys, yard-wide and 7/8 Iriſh linens of all prices, calicoes, chintzes, black and white ſatins, luſtrings, modes, perſians, ſarſenets, black, white and coloured Barcelona handkerchiefs, velverets, corduroys, drawboys, white cotton, linen and worſted furniture checks, cotton and ſilk gown patterns, cotton ſtripes, ſtriped Hollands, pillow fuſtians and jeans, buckram, twiſt, Marſeilles quilting, plain, corded and figured demities, garterings, Manchester tapes, ſtriped ditto, ſilk, cotton and thread ſtockings, gauzes, cambricks, lawns, plain, ſtriped and tamboured muſlins, white cotton counterpanes, black ſilk breeches patterns, ribbons, ſheetings, oſnaburgs, German linen, bed ticks and bunts, checks, drillings, men and womens' white and coloured gloves and mitts, a large aſſortment of buttons, buckles, ſpurs, ſleeve-buttons, ſtock and pad locks, knob, cupboard, book-caſe, deſk, drawer, cheſt, portmanteau and ſaddle-bag ditto, deſk furniture, poliſhed and japanned ſnuffers, obacco and ſnuff boxes, ſpectacles with ſteel and paper caſes, cheſts with carpenters' tools complete, knives and forks, files of every kind, pins, Whitechapel and common needles, darning needles, leather, paper and braſs inkpots, braſs and iron candleſticks, tea-kettles, coffee-pots, chafing-diſhes, curry-combs and bruſhes, ſweeping, duſting, paint, clothes, hearth, ſhoe and carriage bruſhes, horſewhips, men and boys' fine and coarſe hats, iron and braſs wire ſieves, hair ſifters, thimbles, ſhaving-boxes, ivory and horn combs, comb-bruſhes, ſhoemakers and carpenters' hammers, lathing hammers, ſteel and iron plate handſaws, jack, ſmoothing and moulding planes, coopers' adzes, dowelling mills and bits, drawing-knives, tap and bung borers, ſpike and ſmall gimblets, inch and half inch, 1/8 and 1/2 inch augers, chiſels and gouges aſſorted, plane-irons, ſteelyards, crates with earthen and ſtone ware, braſs ſkillets, caſtings, braſs cocks, pepper, coffee and corn mills, ſickles and ſcythes, ſpades and ſhovels, 20d. 12d. 10d. 8d. 4d. and 3d. nails, writing and letter paper, quills, powder and ſhot, ſaddles and bridles, girths, ſurcingles, ſtirrup leathers and ſaddleſtraps, ſaddlecloths, china in ſets, white, brown and coloured threads, pocket-books, cinnamon, mace, cloves and nutmegs, pepper, ginger, watch ſtrings, chains, keys and ſeals, breaſt pins, linen handkerchiefs, aſſorted boxes of cutlery, &c. mens and womens' leather ſhoes, marble chimney pieces and ſide-board ſlabs, a pair of very elegant pier looking-glaſſes, hair pins and gimped fringe.—Alſo a number of other articles.

Alexandria, May 19, 1785.

☞ JUST RECEIVED, and to be SOLD by the Printers hereof, "A REPLY to the ADDRESS to the ROMAN CATHOLICS of the UNITED STATES of AMERICA—By the Author of a LETTER to the ROMAN CATHOLICS of the City of WORCESTER."—Alſo, The Diſcovery, Settlement and preſent State of KENTUCKEY, containing an Eſſay towards the Topography and Natural Hiſtory of that Country, to which is prefixed a new and correct Map of that Country, drawn from accurate Surveys.—By JOHN FILSON.

TO BE SOLD,

At the Printing-Office,

A Variety of Blank Books, conſiſting of Ledgers, Journals, Caſh-Books, Letter-Books, &c. &c. Alſo, Stoughton's Bitters, Anderſon's Pills, Daffy's Elixir, Balſam of Honey, Squire's Elixir, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, &c. &c. &c.

RUM,

Of an excellent Quality, made and ſold by the Hogſhead or larger Quantity, cheap for Caſh or Country Produce, by

WILLIAM LYLES and COMPANY.

Alexandria, May 17, 1785.

William Hartſhorne And Company,

HAVE juſt imported in the Mary, Captain Andrews, from London, an aſſortment of Spring GOODS, which they will ſell on reaſonable terms for caſh, or country produce, by wholeſale and retail.—Thoſe whoſe accounts are more than three months ſtanding, will particularly oblige us by paying their balances, as we are informed by our friends in England, that no ſuch credits can be had there as formerly.—Thoſe who cannot pay immediately, will pleaſe to ſettle their accounts and give their bonds for the balance.—We hope the law limitting credits to ſix months, will be our excuſe for this requeſt, eſpecially when it is conſidered, that thoſe who ſell goods, are the only people affected by it, as appears by ſome late determinations in our General Court.—Several valuable LOTS, well ſituated in Alexandria, may be had on Ground-Rent.—Inquire of WILLIAM HARTSHORNE.

Alexandria, May 9, 1785.

To be ſold or rented for a term of years,

A HORSE SNUFF-MILL, in excellent order, and built on the moſt approved plan; alſo, a complete ſet of implements for carrying on the tobacco manufacturing buſineſs. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent, may depend on a great ſhare of cuſtom, as the Subſcriber intends leaving off the buſineſs, and there is at preſent no perſon who carries it on in this place; alſo, a TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, contiguous to the Mill, with two good rooms on a floor, and very agreeably ſituated.—He will alſo ſell, or rent on ground-rent for ever, ſeveral LOTS of GROUND, well ſituated, and in that part of the town which has the appearance of a more rapid improvement than any other.—The terms will be made eaſy to the purchaſers, and if rented the price will be moderate.

JACOB COX.

Alexandria, May 18, 1785.

LOST in December laſt, an AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE, granted to the Subſcriber for militia ſervice as Lieutenant in Capt. Robert Sanford's company of Fairfax militia, amounting to Twenty-Two Pounds Eight Shillings, dated November 21, 1783, and ſigned by H. Randolph and J. Pendleton, jun.——All perſons are forewarned from receiving the above deſcribed Certificate, as an affidavit to the loſs of it has been made and lodged in the Auditor's-Office at Richmond, in order to obtain a new Certificate and ſtop the old one if ever it makes its appearance in that office, and to enable me to diſcover, by tracing it, the perſon who has found and ſecreted it. THOMSON MASON.

Fairfax County, May 16, 1785.

TO BE LET,

A PART of a HOUSE, ſituated on King-ſtreet, and ſecond door from the corner of Royal-ſtreet, ſuitable for either a wholeſale or retail ſtore, with a counting-room and cellar. Any perſon inclining to hire, may have it fitted agreeable to his liking, and have poſſeſſion about the firſt of June next.—It is a good ſtand for buſineſs.——For terms apply to WILLIAM M'KNIGHT.

Alexandria, May 17, 1785.

☞ A few Barrels of choice LAMPBLACK may be had at the Printing-Office.

Weſtmoreland, May 1, 1785.

FOR LONDON,

To ſail early in June,

THE copper bottom Ship STANLEY, Britiſh built, with a Mediterranean paſs of the neweſt cut, will be ready in a few days to take on board Tobacco in Yeocomoco, on conſignment to

T. BLANE.

Alexandria, May 19, 1785.

SUCH as may incline to ſhip Tobacco to the addreſs of Mr. BLANE, will pleaſe to forward their orders to their obedient ſervant,

WILLIAM HUNTER, jun.

George-Town, May 19, 1785.

THE Ship POTOMACK PLANTER, Capt. RICHARD JOHNS, lying at George-Town, takes Tobacco conſigned to Forreſt and Stoddert, London, at Seven Pounds, ſterling, per ton. She will ſail early in June.

BENJAMIN STODDERT.

Daniel and Iſaac M'Pherſon,

Have juſt imported in the Cedar, Capt. Atkinſon, from Whitehaven, an aſſortment of GOODS, among which are the following articles, viz.

WHITE and coloured jeans and jeanets, linens, checks, check handkerchiefs, bed-ticks, durants, duroys, calamancoes, oſnaburgs, cottons and calicoes of different kinds, bindings and ferrets of different kinds, ſtriped hollands, black modes, fans, mens' and womens' gloves, ſewing ſilk, Iriſh linens, ſheetings, a variety of hardware, ſcythes, ſickles, nails, ſpades, ſhovels, iron pots and ovens, loaf ſugar, &c. &c. all which they will ſell on reaſonable terms for caſh or country produce.

Alexandria, May 12, 1785.

THE Truſtees of the George-Town Academy, have come to the abſolute determination, to commence the DRAWING of the LOTTERY on Thurſday the 9th day of June next, and what tickets may then be on hand will be taken by the Truſtees on account of the ſchool.—All thoſe who have any of the tickets unſold, are deſired to return them to the Managers, at leaſt five days before the drawing.

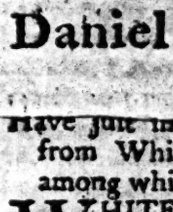
☞ On the ſame day will be ſold at Public Vendue, a large TWO-STORY STONE HOUSE, with the Lot on which it ſtands, conveniently ſituated on the main ſtreet near the centre of George-Town.

ROBERT PETER,
BENJAMIN STODDERT,
WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun. } Managers.

George-Town, May 20, 1785.

A CHARTER WANTED,

For the EGLINGTON,



A Fine new Britiſh built Brigantine, of 360 hogſheads of tobacco burthen, with a Mediterranean paſs.—If a Charter ſhould not offer ſoon, ſhe will ſail in about two months for Liverpool, and will take 150 hogſheads on freight, at Seven Pounds, ſterling, per ton, with liberty of conſignment.—She is a ſtrong, tight, good veſſel, and will be ready to receive tobacco in 8 or 10 days.—For terms apply to Mr. JAMES MUSCHETT, Merchant in Dumfries, or the Subſcriber.

H. STEUART.

Loudon County, May 23, 1785.

☞ A great Variety of BLANKS, printed on good Paper, may be had at the Printing-Office.

LONDON, March 21.

THE Irish Parliament, in conſequence of Mr. Orde's propoſitions, have impoſed new taxes upon the people to the amount of 56,000l. a year. This was carried by ſurpriſe in the moment of good humour, and ſhould the propoſitions undergo any material alteration, a very formidable oppoſition will be formed in Ireland, and we are informed, from an authority of great reſpectability, that the Duke of Rutland has wrote to the Miniſter, deſiring to be recalled in caſe the propoſitions ſhould be altered, or not finally adjuſted this ſeſſion.

As we cannot controul the Iriſh Parliament, or dictate to them on what raw materials they ſhall lay duties, are not our iron and ſteel manufactures in imminent danger, for they may import from Ruſſia, Sweden, &c. iron, duty free, whilſt we, fooliſhly enough, ſince American ingratitude is confirmed, continue to load them with ponderous duties.

Kirwall and other northern villages have reſolved to petition againſt the Iriſh trade bill. This petition, which may be termed an *aurora borealis* is expected will *illuſtrate* the buſineſs.

KINGSTON, *(Jamaica)* March 26.

From the Bahama Gazette of February 12, 1785.

"It is the generally received opinion of thoſe who have acceſs to the beſt information, that Parliament will not allow the Americans the leaſt intercourſe with our Weſt-India iſlands, otherwiſe than in Britiſh bottoms; that the trade between the American States and Great-Britain will be equally free to both nations; and that all trade between them and our continental colonies will be entirely prohibited: In other words, that the preſent regulations preſcribed by the King in Council, will be adopted by the legiſlature.

"No doubt is entertained of the Britiſh ſhipping and reſources, being fully ſufficient for the regular ſupplying our colonies with what they may ſtand in need of: Regard to the national welfare, dictates the purſuing every meaſure that can afford employment to our own ſeamen."

HALIFAX, *(Nova-Scotia)* April 26.

By his Excellency JOHN PARR, Captain-General and Commander in Chief, in and over his Majeſty's Province of Nova-Scotia, the iſlands of St. John and Cape-Breton, and their dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the ſame.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been repreſented to me, that many frauds and impoſitions have been committed, and a clandeſtine trade carried on by veſſels belonging to the United States of America, under pretence of importing proviſions into this Province.

I do therefore, with the conſent and advice of his Majeſty's Council, hereby ſtrictly forbid the importation of all kinds of proviſions into this Province and its dependencies, after the end of thirty days from the date hereof; except in veſſels which ſhall be the property of his Majeſty's ſubjects, and navigated according to law.

Of which the Collectors of his Majeſty's cuſtoms, all the Revenue-Officers, and others whom it may concern, are to take due notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

Given under my hand and ſeal at Halifax, this twenty-fifth day of April, 1785, in the twenty-fifth year of his Majeſty's reign.

J. PARR.

By his Excellency's command,
RICH. BULKLEY.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

WORCESTER, May 12.

The method propoſed by ſome, to drive the Britiſh factors from this Commonwealth, is not by others judged ſo political, as it would be for government to take the matter up. Let them be ſerved as Britain ſerves us, every Britiſh factor who ſettles here, ſhould pay a duty of ten or fifteen per cent. to government, on all goods he imports. This certainly will be much better than diſturbing the public tranquility by ſending them off, and will be doing no more than we have a legal right to do, and by all impartial men, will be conſidered as juſt, conſidering the preſent diſpoſition of Great-Britain towards this country.

NEW-YORK, May 16.

As the accounts of the reception which the ſhip Empreſs of China met with on her arrival in China, have been variouſly repreſented in the different newſpapers of this city, a gentleman on board has furniſhed us with the following particulars, ſelected from his journal:

"On the 17th of July laſt, we made the iſland of Java, and the following evening came to anchor in the Straits of Sunda: On this occaſion our happineſs was greatly augmented, on finding there two ſhips, belonging to our good allies, the French. The Commodore, Monſ. D'Ordelin and his officers welcomed us in the moſt affectionate manner; and as his own ſhip was immediately bound for Canton, gave us an invitation to go in company with him. This friendly offer we moſt cheerfully accepted, and the Commodore furniſhed us with his ſignals by day and night, and added ſuch inſtructions, for our paſſage through the Chineſe ſeas, as would have been exceedingly beneficial, had any unfortunate accident occaſioned our ſeparation; but happily we purſued our route together. On our arrival at the iſland of Macao, the 2nd of Auguſt, the French Conſul for China, with ſome other gentlemen of his nation, came on board to congratulate and welcome us to that part of the world; and kindly undertook the introduction of the Americans to the Portugueſe Governor of that place. The little time that we were there, was entirely taken up by the good offices of the Conſul, the gentlemen of his nation, and thoſe of the Swedes and Imperialiſts, who ſtill remained at Macao; the other Europeans had repaired to Canton. Three days afterwards, we finiſhed our outward-bound voyage. Previous to coming to anchor, we ſaluted the ſhipping in the river with thirteen guns; which were anſwered by the ſeveral Commodores of the European nations, each of whom ſent an officer to compliment us on our arrival. Theſe viſits were returned by the Captain and Supercargoes in the afternoon, who were again ſaluted by the reſpective ſhips, as they finiſhed their viſit. When the French ſent their officers to congratulate us, they added to the obligations we were already under to them, by furniſhing men, boats and anchors, to aſſiſt us in coming to ſafe and convenient moorings. Nor did their good offices ſtop here; they furniſhed us with part of their own bankfall, and inſiſted further, that until we were ſettled, we ſhould take up our quarters with them at Canton.

"The day of our arrival at Canton, Auguſt the 30th, and the two following days, we were viſited by the Chineſe merchants, and the Chiefs and gentlemen of the ſeveral European eſtabliſhments, and treated by them, in all reſpects, as a free and independent nation: As ſuch, during our ſtay, we were univerſally conſidered. The Chineſe themſelves, were very indulgent towards us, and happy in the contemplation of a new people, opening to view a freſh ſource of commerce to their extenſive Empire.

"After remaining near four months at Canton, and experiencing from all hands, every poſſible attention, we ſet ſail for America the 28th of December, and happily arrived in this port on the 11th inſtant."

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.

His Excellency William Greene, Eſq; is elected Governor, and the Honorable Jabez Bowen, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor, of Rhode-Iſland.

The 13th ult. Congreſs came to the following reſolution:

That any State which ſhall have ſettled with, and paid the officers or privates of their late lines, in the army of the United States, on the principles of the reſolution of June 1ſt, 1784, relative to the proofs of claims to be admitted by the Paymaſter-General, ſhall be empowered to charge ſuch payments to the United States, provided that ſuch payments ſhall appear to have been made for ſervices which ſhall not have been ſettled for by the Paymaſter-General.

On the 19th of April laſt, the Delegates of Maſſachuſetts, purſuant to an act of the Legiſlature of that State, made a Deed of Ceſſion, of their weſtern territory, to the United States in Congreſs aſſembled.

The poor Loyaliſts and Refugees in the Province of Eaſt-Florida, finding themſelves totally abandoned by their late moſt gracious Sovereign, George III. of Britain, have lately petitioned, in a very humble manner, Charles III. of Spain, for a ſmall tract of his country. The prayer of their petition is, "That your Majeſty may be pleaſed to grant us in fee-ſimple, the juriſdiction and ſole direction of the internal government of that country, from which your Majeſty's troops are now withdrawn, lying between St. John's and St. Mary's river, in this Province, including the iſlands on the ſea ſhore, ſituate between thoſe rivers, for which we will gladly pay a reaſonable tribute to your Majeſty, and acknowledge you as Lord of the ſoil. We will defend the frontier, and ſtand forth in defence of the Province againſt every power but that of our mother country." We have not heard if any anſwer has been given to this modeſt requeſt.

ALEXANDRIA, June 2.

His Excellency Patrick Henry, Eſq; Governor of this Commonwealth, has iſſued a Proclamation, offering a Reward of Fifty Pounds for apprehending and ſecuring William Baker, of Hampſhire County, ſuppoſed to be an Acceſſary to the Murder of a certain Monſieur le Brun.

The Legiſlature of Rhode-Iſland have lately paſſed an Act for laying an Impoſt of Seven and a Half per Cent. on all Britiſh Goods imported into that State, in Britiſh Veſſels, in addition to the Impoſt of Two and a Half per Cent. on imported Goods.

The Ann, Captain Marvin, from London, is arrived in the River, and hourly expected here.

DIED.] Mr. CLAUS COPPER, Vendue-Maſter.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Sloop Betſy, B. Stonehouſe, from Boſton; Sloop Hero, J. Humphries, Sloop Pimento, J. Hutchins, and Schooner Lottery, Z. Mann, Baltimore; Brig Patient Mary, W. Sliegh, New-York.

Cleared Outwards. Schooner Barbadoes, J. Seymour, for Barbadoes; Sloop Hero, J. Humphries, and Schooner Lottery Z. Mann, Baltimore.

The ADDRESS *of the* CONVENTION *to the* MEMBERS *of the* PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH *in Virginia.*

FOR more than Eight Years our Church hath languiſhed under Neglect. We will not however believe that her Friends have revolted, and therefore truſt that a knowledge of her preſent Condition will rekindle their former Affections.

Religion does not invite by Inducements from eternal Intereſt alone:—Society feels its Benignity in remedying the Defects of Laws. Secret Injuries to ſocial Rights eſcape the Cenſures of Government. From the Conſtitution of human Affairs, human Wiſdom cannot be certain, that an Antidote applied to one Evil will not produce another; and many are the Duties of imperfect Obligation, which no legiſlative Proviſion can enforce. Nor can Society at all Times furniſh Incitements to virtuous Conduct by Rewards; and even if this were practicable, the moſt enlightened Tribunal on Earth could not be aſſured of the Purity of the Motive which gave birth to the Action rewarded. Religion on the contrary fixes the Eye of Conſcience on Deeds, howſoever remote from public View;—arreſts the Hand of Vice by holding forth the Reſponſibility of Man to his Creator;—reſcues Benevolence from the Vortex of Self-Love;—adminiſters Self-Complacency, that higheſt Prize of Merit; and withholds it in Spite of Partiality when it is not due.

From the earlieſt Day, and in every Clime, has the Efficacy of Religion been acknowledged. Under various Forms have her Benefits been ſolicited, and we have enliſted ourſelves under the Banners of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church.—Let us not then deſert this Object of our Choice, but, conſcious of her ſcriptural Authority, devote ourſelves to her Relief.

Of what is the Church now poſſeſſed? Nothing but the Glebes and your Affections. Since the Year 1776, ſhe hath been even without regular Government, and her Miniſters have received but little Compenſation for their Services. Their Numbers are diminiſhed by Death and other Cauſes, and we have as yet no Reſource within ourſelves for a Succeſſion of Miniſters. Many Churches ſtand in need of Repair, and there is no Fund equal to the ſmalleſt Want.

By the Favor of Providence indeed the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church is incorporated by Law, and under this Sanction are we now aſſembled. We have accepted the Invitation of a Convention, lately holden at New-York, to ſend Deputies to another to be holden at Philadelphia in the Fall. We ſhall not enter into a Reviſion of Doctrine and Worſhip, until their Return and Report of the Sentiments of thoſe of our Communion, with whom they may be aſſociated. We have however organized the Government of the Church.

But whither muſt our Labours tend without your Aſſiſtance? To Contempt they cannot; for we have the Conſciouſneſs of aiming at our common Welfare alone. To almoſt every Thing under the Sun belongs a Criſis, which, if embraced, ſtamps our Endeavours with Succeſs, if loſt, with Ruin—In this Situation does our Church now ſtand: And why do you heſitate? Are the Doctrines of our Church leſs excellent than at any former Period? Have you embraced the Perſuaſion of that Church, to abandon it in the Hour of Difficulty? Common Juſtice requires that thoſe, who profeſs themſelves to be Members of a Society, ſhould unite in cheriſhing it; and let us not be the only Example of a religious Aſſociation, withering from the Want of Support from its own Members.

But do not believe that by thus exhorting you to Zeal for our Church, we mean to provoke an Averſion to other Chriſtian Societies. It is vain to expect Unanimity among Mankind; and who can with Confidence declare himſelf infallible? We rather conceive that Chriſtians of every Denomination, who are ſincere in their Opinion, are not leſs our Brethren for maintaining different Tenets. It is our Duty to be ready to unite upon Principles conſiſtent with the Goſpel, and bring the Chriſtian Church to Unity, as nearly as Conſcience will permit.

We therefore intreat you in the moſt ſolemn Manner, we conjure you by all the Ties of Religion, to co-operate fervently in the Cauſe of our Church. Should theſe our earneſt Efforts be abortive, we ſhall always with Truth call the Searcher of Hearts to Witneſs, that the Downfall of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church is not to be named amongſt our Offences, and to this Admonition ſhall we ever appeal.

Signed by Order of the Convention,
JAMES MADISON, *Preſident.*
Atteſt, ROBERT ANDREWS, *Secretary.*
Richmond, May 25, 1785.

ANECDOTE.

A PROFESSED and boasting votary of infidelity and universal scepticism, taking occasion, in company, to discharge the whole artillery of his wit and ridicule, against the commonly received notions of a God, and a future state of retribution; particularly the *vulgar chimera* of an everlasting Hell for impenitent sinners of the human race; and having confidently asserted that the world and all its inhabitants were the mere product and sport of blind undesigning CHANCE; a sensible gentleman present turning to him, made this serious, yet smart reply: "Granting, Sir, your favorite doctrine to be true, that the universe at large, and man in particular, has been thrown into existence by chance, and may as easily be thrown out of it; yet this same blind Goddess, *Chance*, may, for aught you know, have reared up such a place as the vulgar call *Hell*; and what is more, you yourself may *chance* to fall into it—and when you are once in it, you may *chance* to lie there to all eternity:—And pray consider what a *damnable chance* that will be."

PRICES CURRENT, ALEXANDRIA.

TOBACCO 26 s. to 28 s. per Ct.	Continental Rum, 2 s. per Ditto.
Fine Flour, 28 s. per Barrel.	Molasses, 1/6 per Ditto.
Wheat, 6 s. per Bushel.	Muscovado Sugar, 35 s. to 38 s. per Ct.
Jamaica Spirits, 4/6 per Gallon.	Salt, 3 s. per Bushel, by Retail.
Windward Rum, 3 s. per Ditto.	Corn, 3 s. per Bushel.
	Exchange, 40.

Colin Mac Iver and Co.

Have just imported in the Brig Eglington from Liverpool, the following Goods, viz.

AN excellent and complete assortment of ladies', mens' and youths' drab and black hats, ¼ and ⅞ linen checks, ⅞, yard, one yard and ⅛ cotton ditto, Wigan and furniture ditto, striped Hollands, striped cottons light and dark grounds, cotton and linen handkerchiefs, white linen and sheetings, ¾, ⅞ and yard-wide bedtickings, 6-4, ½, 7-4 and 8-4 bedbunts and Holland tapes, which, with a variety of other goods now on hand, they will sell on the lowest terms for cash or country produce.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

ALL those indebted to the late Partnership of DOW, MAC IVER and CO. by bond, note or book account, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, in whose hands the books and papers of the said Company are left.—There being a necessity for a settlement of the affairs of the said Company, no further indulgence can be given.—Those who neglect to comply with this notice within six weeks from this date, may expect to be dealt with as the law directs, without any respect to persons. COLIN MAC IVER.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

☞ I have for sale a likely young NEGRO FELLOW, who can be recommended for honesty and industry. C. M.

Just IMPORTED, and to be SOLD by

Jordan and Poyer,

At Mr. Wales's Store, near Capt. Harper's Wharf,

BARBADOES RUM in Hogsheads and Barrels, and best Muscovado SUGAR in Ditto.

☞ They want to purchase a Quantity of Flour, and a few Pounds of Snakeroot.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the night of the 24th instant, an Irish servant man, named JOHN BUCKLY, a hatter by trade, 29 or 30 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, a thick clumsy made fellow, of a sandy complexion, large beard, short thick sandy hair inclining to curl, has a sober deceitful countenance, and is capable of the greatest ingratitude; he can write a tolerable hand, will probably forge a pass and travel as a journeyman hatter looking for work:—He had on and took with him a light coloured cloth coat, a dark brown short ditto, with jacket and breeches nearly of the same colour, a pair of black stuff breeches, and a light coloured coating surtout with a velvet collar, all of them the worse for wear; two check, and one white shirts, one pair of osnaburg trousers, one pair of black stockings not fellows, and a good pair of shoes with yellow buckles.—I have reason to believe he was enticed away by the villainy of a certain HENRY HOWARD, also by trade a hatter, a short well set man, dressed in a short blue coat, brown corduroy jacket and overalls of the same, has worked journeywork in many different parts of Virginia, and went off at the same time, supposed in company.——Whoever apprehends and secures said servant man in any gaol, so that I may hear of him and get him again, shall be intitled to the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable charges shall be paid by HENRY BUDD.

Alexandria, May 28, 1785.

Hoge and Harrison,

Have for Sale, at their Store in Alexandria,

LEMONS, Jar Raisins, Jesuits' Bark, Cork Wood, Cadiz Salt, and a Variety of other GOODS too tedious to mention.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

Daniel and Isaac M'Pherson,

Have for Sale,

MADERA wine by the pipe, hogshead and quarter-cask, citron by the box, West-India rum by the hogshead and barrel, brown sugar, salt, train oil, and a few gross of bottles.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

STOLEN from the Brig Industry on the night of the 26th instant, a YAWL; she rowed with four oars, was payed with turpentine, some of the bottom plank worm-eaten and very leaky.—ONE GUINEA will be given for the recovery of the Boat, and on conviction of the thief TWO GUINEAS.

D. and I. M'PHERSON.

Alexandria, May 30, 1785.

For Sale, by the Subscriber,

A Small FARM, containing 154 acres, lying in the County of Spotsylvania, within 7 miles of Fredericksburg; there is on it a dwelling-house with two rooms below and two above stairs, with every other convenient out-house, and a large barn; it is about one half cleared and is in good order for cropping, having several different enclosures under good fences, among which there are some pretty good meadow ground, and a tolerable orchard of different kinds of fruit.——This place would suit either a farmer or tradesman, particularly a tanner, there being on it an excellent situation for a tanyard, having a never failing spring so situated as to be made to convey the water into the vats without the assistance of a pump.—Hides might easily be procured from the butchers in town, and there is a plenty of bark near the place.——Likewise, another TRACT of LAND, containing 500 acres, lying in the same County, about 20 miles from town; there are on it a small dwelling-house and a pretty good orchard.—This place is remarkable for its fine range for all kinds of stock, which may be raised in any quantity at very little expence of feeding, is well watered, and situated in a most healthy part of the country.—For terms apply to

DAVID GALLOWAY, jun.

Fredericksburg, May 24, 1785.

STRAYED away from Alexandria, on Saturday the 21st of May, a sorrel MARE, seven years old, full blooded, fourteen hands and an half high, has a cut upon her neck under the mane about three inches long, and it is supposed she is gone towards Mr. Israel Lacey's in Loudon, as she came from thence.——Whoever finds her shall receive SIX DOLLARS reward and all reasonable charges paid, by applying to Mr. Israel Lacey in Loudon, or Williams, Cary and Company, Alexandria.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

Will be sold to the highest bidder at Leesburg, on the Second Monday in July next,

A Valuable PLANTATION, containing 1225 acres, situated within 25 miles of Dumfries, Colchester or Alexandria, and on the road leading from either place to Leesburg.—A great part of this plantation is fine tobacco land, and there is none but what is very good for farming, and well timbered. The payments will be made easy to the purchaser.—The above land will be sold either in lots or otherwise, and may be had at private sale.

May 15, 1785. WILLIAM MONROE.

A SCHOOL will be opened by the Subscriber in a few days, next door to Robert M'Crea, Esquire's, where he will teach reading, writing, vulgar and decimal arithmetic.—As he can be well recommended, both for his learning and morals, by some of the first characters in Philadelphia, and will make it his constant endeavours to deserve, so he hopes to meet with the encouragement of a generous public.—Any who may please to favor him with their commands will find him at Mr. M'Knight's, or he will wait on them at their dwellings.

EDMUND EDMONDS.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

THE Parish of Norborne in the County of Berkeley, being at present without a Minister of the Protestant Episcopal Church, legally inducted, the vestry of the said Parish have therefore determined to proceed to the appointment of one, at the Church in the Parish aforesaid, on or before the first day of October next, pursuant to an act of the last session of the General Assembly,

Published by order of the Vestry,

THOMAS RUTHERFORD, } Church-
MORGAN MORGAN, } wardens.

Berkeley County, May 16, 1785.

Jonathan Swift and Co.

Have for Sale, at their Store on Captain Harper's Wharf,

A General Assortment of European and West-India GOODS, which they will dispose of on the most moderate terms, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, Produce, or short Credit, with security.—They have excellent Hyson, Souchong and Bohea Tea in chests and half chests, London Porter in small hampers and a few barrels of Mess Beef and Pork.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

THE Subscribers have just received Nine Packages of Merchandise, marked AB in a diamond, from No. 1 to 9, which were imported in the Ship Amelia, John F. Throckmorton, from London.——The owner may receive them by applying to

JONATHAN SWIFT and CO.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

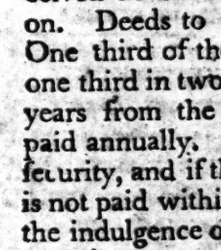
On the 20th day of September next if fair, if not the next fair day, will be SOLD on the Premises,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, lying in Stafford County, Virginia, well watered and abounding with good timber. The south bounds of the Land are within 12 miles of Fredericksburg, and the north bounds about 5 miles from Dumfries, both considerable and growing towns. The east bounds are about one mile from Aquia Warehouse, and crosses Aquia-Run at the fork, where the north and south branches divide, each extending westward through the whole Land, and will furnish several valuable mills seats. At the fork of the two branches on the eastern bounds, and where both may be included there is a remarkable convenient seat with abundance of water for a large merchant mill and saw-mill, with plenty of stone for building, and heights to erect mills of any construction. Adjoining to this seat are upwards of 1000 acres of uncleared Land, abounding with timber proper for a saw-mill, such as large white oak and pine, of the latter many large enough for ships lower masts. The annual rents now on the Lands are upwards of 22,000 pounds of tobacco, and there are upwards of 4000 acres still unsettled. It is a remarkable healthy place, and from its number of branches and small natural meadows, affords good grazing for stock. The whole is laid off in 32 Lots, from 150 to 350 acres, for the conveniency of purchasers. A draught may be seen, and the Land shewn, by an application to Col. BAILEY WASHINGTON, whose residence is adjoining.——The conditions and terms of sale are as follow: The Lots to be sold respectively at Public sale to the highest bidder, in sterling money, or good London bills of exchange. Gold and silver will be taken at its value, and crop tobacco of 1000 pounds net, inspected within the year, will be received in discount at such price as may be agreed on. Deeds to be given with a general warranty. One third of the purchase-money to be paid down, one third in two years, and the other third in three years from the day of sale, with legal interest to be paid annually. Bonds to be given with approved security, and if the annual interest, being demanded, is not paid within three months after it becomes due, the indulgence of credit shall be forfeited, and a suit may be commenced to recover both principal and interest. Any purchaser making the second and third payments, or any part of either on the day of sale, will be allowed a discount of 10 per cent. on such sum. Any person or persons inclinable to purchase the whole before the day of sale, shall have it at a moderate price on paying down one half the purchase-money, and giving bond on interest with approved security, conditioned as above, for payment of the other half within five years from the time of sale.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

May 30, 1785.

Mount-Airy, May 27, 1785.



RAN away from the Subscriber's plantation near the Woodyard in Prince-George's County State of Maryland, a Mulatto man, named NICK, a carpenter by trade, 35 years of age, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, is round shouldered and stoops as he walks. Whoever takes up the said Slave and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS reward and reasonable charges, paid by BENEDICT CALVERT.

George-Town, May 20, 1785.

WHEREAS my Wife MARGARET MAGUIRE has absented herself from my bed and board, I do hereby forewarn all persons from dealing with her on my account as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.

PATRICK MAGUIRE.

☞ I will sell, on Thursday the 9th day of June next, to the highest bidder, THREE valuable LOTS in this Town, well situated for business, one of which is well improved,

POETRY.

TO STELLA:

On her giving the AUTHOR a GOLD and SILK NET PURSE of her own weaving.

By the late Dr. JOHNSON.

THOUGH gold and silk their charms unite,
To make thy curious web delight;
In vain the varied work would shine,
If wrought by any hand but thine:
Thy hand that knows the subtler art,
To weave those nets that catch the heart.

Spread out by me, the roving coin,
Thy nets may catch, but not confine:
Nor can I hope thy silken chain,
The glittering vagrants shall restrain.
Why, *Stella*, was it thus decreed,
The heart, *once* caught, *should ne'er be freed.*

Leertouwer, Huyman, and Huiberts,

Have left in the care of Messieurs HOOE and HARRISON, for sale, the following GOODS, viz.

WINDOW-GLASS 8 by 10, wood-axes, shovels and tongs, cutting-knives, scythes frying-pans, chafingdishes, bird shot, gin in cases, French cordials, &c. &c.

Alexandria, May 20, 1785.

TO BE SOLD IN FEE-SIMPLE,

FOUR LOTS of GROUND on Princess-street, between Fairfax and Water streets, containing 24 feet front each, and 100 feet in depth, with the privilege of a 9 feet alley; also, 3 LOTS on Fairfax-street, between Princess and Oronoko streets, 22½ feet front each and 114 feet 5 inches in depth, with the privilege of the same alley.—One third of the purchase-money to be paid in three months, one third in six months, and the remainder the first of April, 1786.—Bond with approved security will be required.—As to the situation of the Lots I shall only observe, the first four stand on the street leading to the public ferry, and public warehouses.

WILLIAM HUNTER, jun.

☞ If not sold before, they will be put up at Public Vendue on Saturday the 18th of June next, on the same terms.

Alexandria, May 19, 1785.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. THOMAS KIRKPATRICK, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, or their accounts and bonds will be put into the hands of an attorney; and all those who have claims against the estate are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted and paid.

ROBERT ADAM,
ROBERT M'CREA,
JOHN GIBSON,
WILLIAM HUNTER, jun. } Executors.

Alexandria, May 12, 1785.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

ON the evening of the 9th inst. was taken up at the Stage-Office, a LETTER directed to the Subscribers. Whoever discovers the person or persons, so that they may be brought to justice, shall receive the above reward.

JOHN DUNDAS and CO.

Alexandria, May 17, 1785.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from Cuthbert Harrison about the 20th of April last, a NEGRO FELLOW about 21 years of age, named DICK, remarkably stout, tall and well made, of a very black complexion; he has been much used to horses and is a good waggoner, but fond of spiritous liquor, and when he drinks a little too much appears stupid, drowsy and very much inclined to sleep; it is supposed he is making for Pennsylvania, as he was heard to say that the Negroes in that State had been set free; he was cloathed in the usual manner, and believe he wears a yarn or worsted cap. Whoever takes up said Slave and secures him in any gaol, and gives notice to the Subscribers, so that he is recovered again, shall receive TEN DOLLARS, if in the neighbourhood or 10 miles from home, TWENTY DOLLARS if 20 miles from home, and if 30 miles or out of this State, the above reward, and all reasonable expences paid if delivered to the Subscribers living on Goose-Creek, on the road leading from Alexandria to Snickers's-Gap.

LEVEN POWELL,
SIMON TRIPLETT.

Loudon County, May 20, 1785.

To be Sold, or exchanged for Land in Loudon, Fairfax, Prince-William, Fauquier, Frederick, or Berkeley Counties, the following Tracts or Parcels of Land on the Western Waters, viz.

ONE TRACT of 1191 acres, in Monongalia County, situated on Papaw-Creek, a branch of Monongalia River, about 6 miles from said river, which is navigable a considerable distance above the said creek; this Land is well stocked with sugar-tree, poplar, white and black oak timber; and as there is a convenience for building mills on it, a saw-mill will be very advantageous, there being a great demand for plank for the purpose of boat-building, to transport emigrants to the lower parts of that country.

One other TRACT in the same County, containing 1000 acres, lying on the waters of Morgan's-Run, about 3 miles from a good landing on Cheat-River, where the boat-building business is carried on; and would also be an excellent place for a saw-mill, there being a great quantity of good timber on the tract. On this Land, I am credibly informed, there is a large body of iron ore, and sufficient streams of water to erect any kind of iron-works on, and timber to support them.

Also, several TRACTS of LAND in Jefferson County, containing 2925 acres; as this Land was located at an early period, I expect it is of an excellent quality.

Likewise, an undivided moiety (or half) of 28256½ acres of located LAND, in a good part of the country as the Locator informed me.

I have also in the town of Leesburg, THREE unimproved LOTS to sell, well situated, containing in front 47 feet each, and extending back 102 feet, with the privilege of a 10 feet alley to each Lot. For terms apply to the Subscriber in said town.

SAMUEL CANBY.

Leesburg, May 11, 1785.

OBSCURITY,

Imported from England last fall, by Messieurs Benjamin and John Crocket,

Stands this season at Harmony-Hall, about 12 miles from Baltimore-Town, and three miles from Dr. Lyon's and Samuel Owing's Mills, and will begin to cover on the 25th of March next, at Six Guineas a Mare, and One Dollar to the Groom. He is a dark chestnut, 16 hands three inches high, well proportioned, and equal in figure to any horse on the continent, was bred by Lord Milford, got by Col. O'Kelly's Eclipse, his dam (which is own sister to Croney) by Careless, his grandam by Cullen Arabian, his great grandam by North-Country Diamond, great great grandam by a son of Sir John Harper's Barb, and out of the Old Child Mare, who was the dam of Lord Tracy's Whimsey, and great great grandam of Careless. This horse was six years old last grass; at four years old he won a match of 200 Guineas, and a £.50 plate. Eclipse, his sire, was never beat, and is now the first stallion in England; Careless the sire of his dam, won nine King's plates, and was never beat.

Pasturage will be provided for Mares, at Three Shillings per week, and good care taken of them, but will not be answerable for escapes, or other accidents.—To prevent trouble, it is requested the Money may be sent with the Mares.

Feb. 24, 1785. JOHN FORMAN.

Robert Broket,

From Ireland,

BEGS leave to offer his services to the public, as STONECUTTER and BRICKLAYER.—He can cut, engrave and polish marble for chimney pieces, &c.—Plans and drawings may also be done by him, agreeable to the taste of any who may please to employ him. Any commands shall be strictly attended to, and executed with despatch and care; and he flatters himself, will be done in such a manner as to merit future encouragement.—Inquire at Mr. M'Gachen's.

Alexandria, May 24, 1785.

RAN away from the Subscriber on the 15th instant a tawny NEGRO WOMAN, named ANN, about 19 years of age, and of a middle size.—Also, ran away on the 18th instant, another wench, called BET, about 32 years of age, of nearly the same complexion.—They took with them, a variety of cloathing, among which were the following, viz. One Indian persian gown, two calico ditto, and one striped cotton and silk ditto, &c. Whoever takes up said slaves, and brings them to the subscriber, shall have a satisfactory reward, besides what the law allows.

RAPHAEL BOORMAN.

Cornwallis's Neck, Maryland, May 19, 1785.

M'Murray's Maps of the

UNITED STATES are received at the Printing-Office, and ready to be delivered to the Subscribers.

Alexandria, May 28, 1785.

Just imported in the last vessels from Europe, and to be sold by

Randle Mitchell and Son,

At their store on the east side of Fairfax-street, near Mr. William Herbert's dwelling-house, the following general assortment of GOODS and MERCHANDISE, which they will sell on the very lowest terms for cash or country produce, viz.

IRISH sheeting linens, ¾ and yard-wide ditto, osnaburgs and ticklenburgs, Russia sheetings and drillings, brown and white dowlas, 6-4 and 7-4 bed bunts and ticks, best patterns of chintzes and calicoes, a great variety of printed cottons, printed linens, diapers, cambricks and lawns, 5-4, 6-4, and yard-wide muslins, book muslins, diaper tablecloths, men, women, and boys' thread and cotton stockings, flowered and plain gauzes and gauze handkerchiefs, India, bandano and silk ditto, romal and check linen ditto, spotted and bordered linen ditto, plain and bordered kenting ditto, black taffetas and persians, blue, green and striped ell-wide and narrow persians, modes, black and coloured pelongs and satins, blue, green and cloth-coloured fine cassimer cloths, India nankeens, plain and striped mantua silks, 6-4 and 7-4 fine and superfine broadcloths, pillow fustians and jeans of all colours, jeanets, corduroys, velvets, velverets, sagathees, dorseys, moreens for womens' petticoats, white cotton Marseilles for ditto, white jeans, demities, shalloons, rattinets, durants, tammies, calamancoes, camblets, men and womens' worsted stockings, threads, bobbins and tapes of all kinds, silk and cotton laces and ferrets, a great assortment of broad and narrow ribbons, fine wilton cloths, black and coloured Barcelona silk handkerchiefs, cravats, sewing silks of all colours, broad and narrow worsted bindings, coat and breast wrought, plain, metal and plated buttons, coat, breast, silk and hair ditto, womens' fine and coarse Leghorn hats, womens' worsted shoes, writing-paper, ink-powder, playing-cards, wafers, wrapping paper, pasteboard, whalebone, wool and cotton cards, men and boys' castor hats, men and boys' felt ditto, table knives and forks, penknives of all sorts, pocket and cuteau knives, razors, womens' sciffors, sleeve-buttons plain and stone set, best English and German steel, men and womens' saddles, iron pots, plated, plain and wrought men and womens' buckles, pins and needles, assorted, spectacles, coffee-mills, copper coffee-pots and sauce-pans, shoe-tacks and awl-blades, an assortment of china cups, saucers, plates dishes, &c. an assortment of queen's ware, cups, saucers, plates, dishes, bowls, &c. an assortment of glass-ware, tumblers, decanters, glasses, &c. 7 by 6, 7 by 9, and 8 by 10 window-glass, an assortment of brushes, plough-lines, traces, halters, leather collars, bedcords, madder, redwood, allum and copperas, glue, hair-sieves, an assortment of ironmongery, best indigo, allspice, pepper, cinnamon, mace, nutmegs, cloves, mustard, soap, candles, muscovado and loaf sugars, brandy, Jamaica spirits, common rum, Teneriffe and port wines, claret in bottles, bohea and green teas, 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, frying-pans, handsaws, hammers, chisels, &c. an assortment of saddlery of most kinds, gunpowder and shot, &c. &c.

☞ The low terms they intend to do business on, puts it out of their power to credit; but they hope those who purchase from them, will find it their interest to pay cash. They have their goods on such terms as to be able to supply any country store in the wholesale way greatly to their advantage.

Alexandria, May 17, 1785.

AS the ALEXANDRIA LATIN SCHOOL has been understood by some to be private, and confined to a few families, I take this method of informing the public that any number of scholars will be admitted, and proper care always taken to provide teachers in proportion to the growth of the school. Gentlemen who send their children to this school, may depend that I shall give every assistance in my power to forward them in their education, as I am fully determined to co-operate with those gentlemen, who have evidenced so warm a desire to establish a permanent and respectable school in Alexandria. The house in which the school is at present taught, is convenient, and in a healthy situation, a little removed from the hurry and bustle of the town. It is expected we shall in a little time be able to give encouragement to teachers in various branches of literature, as a very considerable sum is already subscribed for building a school-house upon a lot of ground generously bestowed to the public for that purpose. The terms of admittance may be known by applying to WILLIAM M'WHIR.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-street*——by whom *Advertisements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.